



Tanzania

Geography

Year Two - Term 6

Key Knowledge

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| Prior knowledge | Children can locate and name the continents and oceans of the world. They are able to locate the UK, London and Thame on a map. Can identify the human and physical features in their surroundings. |
| New Knowledge | Locate Africa and the UK on a map and describe the location of some African countries and ways to travel there. |
| | Describe Tanzania's climate the key human and physical features from photographs and satellite images. |
| | Make comparisons between Arusha, Tanzania and Thame, UK. Focusing on similarities and differences in lifestyle, jobs and human and physical features. |

Key Facts

Africa is the second largest continent in the world; it cover one fifth of the total land surface of our planet. Africa is 3 times the size of Europe,

Arusha is a small city in the north of Tanzania.

Tanzania is the largest country in East Africa being bordered by 8 countries.

Tanzania is located near the equator and so has a warm climate.

Tanzania has 2 capital cities Dodoma and Dar es Salaam. It has a large coastline, and some islands of the coastline are also part of the country.

It's around 7,500 km from the UK to Tanzania.

Key skills

Compare different locations in different continents.

Locate countries, towns and cities on a world map.

Identify human and physical features of a country.

Research about different lifestyles around the world.

Vocabulary

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| Continent | A continent is a large land mass on Earth and there are seven: Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Europe, North America, South America, Oceania. |
| Climate | Climate is an average of weather conditions (e.g. rain, sun, wind) in a place taken over a long period of time (usually 30 years or more). |
| Landscape | A landscape is an area and its landforms and features that can be seen when viewed from another place. |
| Physical features | A physical feature is natural and has not been formed or made by humans. |
| Community | A community is a group of people who all have something in common. |
| Safari | A safari is a journey on land to watch, photograph or hunt wild animals. |
| City | A city is a settlement that is usually larger than a town and has local government. |
| Village | A village is a small group of houses where people live. |
| Similarities | Similarities are the things that are the same when compared with others. |
| Differences | Differences are the things that are not the same when compared with others. |

