



Geometry: Properties of Shapes Whole-School Curriculum Progression Map



IDENTIFYING SHAPES AND THEIR PROPERTIES

Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners', 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.</p>	<p>Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills.</p>	<p>recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * 2-D shapes [e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] * 3-D shapes [e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]. 	<p>identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line</p>		<p>identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations</p>	<p>identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations</p>	<p>recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (appears also in Drawing and Constructing)</p>
<p>Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for a building, a triangular pattern for a roof, etc.</p>			<p>identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces</p>				<p>illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius</p>
<p>Combine shapes to make new ones – an arch, a bigger triangle, etc.</p>			<p>identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]</p>				



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DRAWING AND CONSTRUCTING							
				draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them	complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry	draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ($^{\circ}$)	draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (appears also in Identifying Shapes and Their Properties)
COMPARING AND CLASSIFYING							
Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects		compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes	use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles	compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
ANGLES							
				recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn		know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles	



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				identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle	identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size	identify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) * angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total 180°) * other multiples of 90° 	recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles
				identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines			

GREATER DEPTH

Learning can be transferred and applied in different contexts.
Pupils can explain their understanding to others.
Pupils can make connections with other areas of learning and new areas.